ISTA, Distributing Confidence, Worldwide™

ISTA 1 Series are the most basic category of performance tests.

- They challenge the capability of the package and product to withstand transport hazards, but
- They are not simulations of actual transport hazards, and
- Do not necessarily comply with carrier packaging regulations.

When properly applied, ISTA procedures will provide tangible benefits of:

- Shortened packaged development time and confidence in product launch
- Protection of products and profits with reduced damage and product loss
- Economically balanced distribution costs
- Customer satisfaction and continued business.

There are three sections: Overview, Testing and Report

- **Overview** provides the general knowledge required before going into the testing laboratory and
- **Testing** presents the specific instructions to do the testing in the laboratory and
- **Report** indicates what data shall be recorded to submit a test report to ISTA.

Two systems of weights and measures are presented in ISTA test procedures. They are the English system (Inch-Pound) and the international system SI (Metric). Inch-Pound units are shown first with Metric units in brackets, except in some tables where they are shown separately.

- Either system may be used as the unit of measure (standard units), but
- The standard units chosen shall be used consistently throughout the procedure.
- Units are converted to two significant figures and
- Not exact equivalents.

**VERY IMPORTANT:**

The entire document shall be read and understood before proceeding with a test.

**OVERVIEW OF PROCEDURE 1B**

Test Procedure 1B is an integrity test for individual packaged-products.

- It can be used to evaluate the performance of a packaged-product.
- It can be used to compare relative performance of package and product design alternatives.
- The package and product are considered together and not separately.
- Some conditions of transit, such as moisture, pressure or unusual handling, may not be covered.

Other ISTA Procedures may be appropriate for different conditions or to meet different objectives.

Specific suggestions:

- To use random vibration instead of fixed displacement vibration, use ISTA Test Procedure 1H and not 1B.
- For packaged-products where a minimum compression value should be tested, use ISTA Test Procedure 1D.
- For unitized loads conduct ISTA 1E and not 1B. A unitized load is defined as one or more products or packaged-products usually on a skid or pallet, but always secured together or restrained for distribution as a single load.
- For packaged-products intended for international distribution consider ISTA Partial-Simulation Performance Test Procedure 2B.

Refer to Guidelines for Selecting and Using ISTA Procedures and Projects for additional information.
Test Procedure 1B covers testing of individual packaged-products weighing more than 150 lb (68 kg) when prepared for shipment.

The shipper shall determine the following prior to testing:
- what constitutes damage to the product and
- what damage tolerance level is allowable, if any, and
- the correct methodology to determine product condition at the conclusion of the test and
- the acceptable package condition at the conclusion of the test.

For additional information on this determination process refer to Guidelines for Selecting and Using ISTA Procedures and Projects.

Samples should be the untested actual package and product, but if one or both are not available, the substitutes shall be as identical as possible to actual items.

Number of samples required:
- One sample is required for the tests in this procedure.

Replicate Testing Recommended:
To permit an adequate determination of representative performance of the packaged-product, ISTA:
- Requires the procedure to be performed one time, but
- Recommends performing the procedure five or more times using new samples with each test.

**NOTE:** Packages that have already been subjected to the rigors of transportation cannot be assumed to represent standard conditions. In order to insure testing in perfect condition, products and packages shipped to certified laboratories for testing must be:
- over-packaged for shipment to the laboratory or
- repackaged in new packaging at the laboratory.

The tests shall be performed on each test sample in the sequence indicated in the following table:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sequence #</th>
<th>Test Category</th>
<th>Test Type</th>
<th>Test Level</th>
<th>For ISTA Certification</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>1</td>
<td>Atmospheric Preconditioning</td>
<td>Temperature and Humidity</td>
<td>Ambient</td>
<td>Required</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2</td>
<td>Vibration</td>
<td>Fixed Displacement</td>
<td>1 in (25mm) peak to peak at a frequency to be determined</td>
<td>Required</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3</td>
<td>Shock (Alternative methods allowed – select one test type)</td>
<td>Drop</td>
<td>6 in (150 mm)</td>
<td>Required</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Incline Impact (Conbur)</td>
<td>69 in (1.7 m) per second impact velocity</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>Horizontal Impact</td>
<td>69 in (1.7 m) per second velocity change</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>4</td>
<td>Shock</td>
<td>Rotational Edge Drop</td>
<td>8 in (200 mm)</td>
<td>Required when not testing face 1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Fixed Displacement Vibration Test:
- Vibration Test System with a 1 in (25 mm) fixed or controlled displacement complying with Method A1 or A2 of the apparatus section of ASTM D 999. Rotary or vertical linear motion of the platform is acceptable.
- Metal shim 0.06 in (1.5 mm), thick approximately 2 in (50 mm) wide and at a convenient length.
- Tachometer or suitable indicator for determining vibration frequency in cycles per second (Hz) or cycles per minute (CPM).
- Automatic timer or stopwatch.

The following alternatives are acceptable for the equipment required for the Shock Test:

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Type of Shock Test</th>
<th>Type of Equipment</th>
<th>In compliance with the apparatus section of ...</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Drop Test</td>
<td>Free fall drop tester</td>
<td>ASTM D 5276</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Vertical Shock Test</td>
<td>Shock test machine</td>
<td>ASTM D 5487</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alternative Incline Test</td>
<td>Incline impact tester (conbur)</td>
<td>ASTM D 880</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Alternative Horizontal Test</td>
<td>Horizontal impact test system</td>
<td>ASTM D 4003</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Rotational Test</td>
<td>Rotational drop</td>
<td>ASTM D 6179</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>