Similar Packaged-Products in Unitized Loads for Truckload Shipment



General ISTA 3 Series tests are advanced tests. Simulation They challenge the capability of the package and product to withstand transport hazards, but • Performance • They use general simulation of actual transport hazards, and Test They do not necessarily comply with carrier packaging regulations. • Procedure When properly applied, ISTA procedures will provide tangible benefits of: VERSION • Shortened packaged development time and confidence in product launch DATE Protection of products and profits with reduced damage and product loss • Last Economically balanced distribution costs •

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Last TECHNICAL Change: APRIL 2017

EDITORIAL

Change:

APRIL

2017

ISTA 3 Series

There are three sections: Overview, Testing and Report

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- Overview provides the general knowledge required before going into the testing laboratory and
- Testing presents the specific instructions to do the testing in the laboratory and
- Report indicates what data shall be recorded to submit a test report to ISTA.

Two systems of weights and measures are presented in ISTA test procedures. They are the English system (Inch-Pound) and the international system SI (Metric). Inch-Pound units are shown first with Metric units in brackets, except in some tables where they are shown separately.

- Either system may be used as the unit of measure (standard units), but
- The standard units chosen shall be used consistently throughout the procedure.
- Units are converted to two significant figures and
- Not exact equivalents.

VERY IMPORTANT:

The entire document shall be read and understood before proceeding with a test.

OVERVIEW OF PROCEDURE 3E

Procedure 3E is a general simulation test for unitized loads of similar retail or institutional packaged-products shipped from a manufacturing location to a distribution center. The unitized loads of packaged-products are shipped through a motor carrier (truck) delivery system, where an entire trailer-load is filled with unitized packaged-products, often of similar retail packaged-products, intended for one destination. This type of shipment is called Full Truckload (FTL).

A unitized load is defined as one or more products or packaged-products usually on a skid or pallet, but always secured together or restrained for distribution as a single load. Examples would be a stretch wrapped pallet load of individual containers, a single non-packaged machine banded to a pallet or a pallet with a corrugated tray, tube and a cap.

- It can be used to evaluate the protective performance of packaged-products related to vibrations, shocks and other stresses normally encountered during handling and transportation.
- It can be used to evaluate load stability.
- The test levels are based on general data and may not represent any specific distribution system.
- The package and product are considered together and not separately.
- Some conditions of transit, such as moisture, pressure or unusual handling, may not be covered.

Other ISTA Procedures may be appropriate for different conditions or to meet different objectives.

Specific suggestions:

 Δ – Most recent technical change(s)

- To test the individual packaged-product that might be shipped non-unitized from a distribution center to a retail outlet, use ISTA Test Procedure 3F.
- To test packaged-products prepared for shipment via a Less-Than-Truckload (LTL) delivery system carrier. LTL is defined as a motor carrier (truck) shipment, where different types of packaged-products, often from different shippers and intended for different ultimate destinations, are mixed in the same load then use ISTA Test Procedure 3B.

Refer to Guidelines for Selecting and Using ISTA Procedures and Projects for additional information.

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For complete listing of Procedure Changes and Version Dates go to www.ista.org

Preface

PRIL ⊺ 2017 ● Last ●

3E	OVERVIEW OF PROCEDURE 3E								
Scope Product Damage	prepared for s	Procedure 3E covers the testing of unitized loads, made up of either single or multiple products or packages of similar products prepared for shipment via a Full Truckload (FTL) delivery system carrier. FTL is defined as motor carrier shipment, where an entire trailer-load is filled with unitized packaged-products, often of similar retail packaged-products, intended for one destination.							
Tolerance and Package Degradation Allowance	 The shipper shall determine the following prior to testing: what constitutes damage to the product and what damage tolerance level is allowable, if any, and the correct methodology to determine product condition at the conclusion of the test and the acceptable package condition at the conclusion of the test. 								
Samples	For additional information on this determination process refer to Guidelines for Selecting and Using ISTA Procedures and Projects.								
Gampics	Samples should be the untested actual package and product, but if one or both are not available, the substitutes shall be as identical as possible to actual items.								
	Number of samples required: One sample (unitized load) is required for the tests in this procedure.								
Test Sequence	 Replicate Testing Recommended: To permit an adequate determination of representative performance of the packaged-product, ISTA: Requires the procedure to be performed one time, but Recommends performing the procedure five or more times using new samples with each test. Refer to <i>Guidelines for Selecting and Using ISTA Procedures and Projects</i> for additional information on statistical sampling NOTE: Packages that have already been subjected to the rigors of transportation cannot be assumed to represent standard condition order to insure testing in perfect condition, products and packages shipped to certified laboratories for testing must be: over-packaged for shipment to the laboratory or repackaged in new packaging at the laboratory. It is important to thoroughly document the configuration, materials, and construction of the tested product and package. Signitivariations in performance can sometimes be caused by seemingly insignificant differences. Photo documentation is strongly recommended to supplement detailed written descriptions. 								
	Sequence #	Test Category	Test Type	Test Level	For ISTA Certification				
	1	Atmospheric Preconditioning	Temperature and Humidity	Ambient	Required				
	2	Atmospheric Conditioning	Controlled Temperature and Humidity	Temperature and humidity chosen from chart	Optional				
Δ	3	Shock	Incline Impact (Conbur)	48 in per second (1.2 m per second)	Required				
		(Alternative methods allowed – select one test type)	Horizontal Impact	48 in per second (1.2 m per second)					
Δ	4	Shock	Rotational Edge Drop	Height varies with packaged- product weight	Required				
Δ	5	Compression	Machine Apply and Release	Calculated Test Force x 1.4	Required				
		(Alternative methods allowed – select one	Machine Apply and Hold	Calculated Test Force					

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Weight and Load Spreader

Random

Rotational Edge Drop

Calculated Test Load

product weight

Overall G_{rms} level of 0.54

Height varies with packaged-

Required

Required

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test type)

Vibration

Shock

3E

EQUIPMENT REQUIRED FOR PROCEDURE 3E

Equipment Required Atmospheric Conditioning

Atmospheric Conditioning:

• Humidity recording apparatus complying with of the apparatus section of ASTM D 4332.

• Temperature recording apparatus complying with the apparatus section of ASTM D 4332.

Optional Atmospheric Conditioning

Chamber and Control apparatus complying with the apparatus section of ASTM D 4332.

Equipment Required Shock

The following alternatives are acceptable for the equipment required for the Impact Test:

Type of Shock Test	Equipment	In compliance with the apparatus section of:	
Incline Test	Incline impact tester (conbur)	ASTM D 880	
Horizontal Test	Horizontal impact test system	ASTM D 4003	

Equipment Required Compression

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The following alternatives are acceptable for the equipment required for the Compression Test:

Type of Compression Test	Equipment	In compliance with the apparatus section of:	Additional Required Equipment
Apply and Release Test	Compression Test Machine	ASTM D 642 Fixed or Floating platen acceptable	Use an identical pallet on top as what the test item is shipped on.
Apply and Hold Test	on top		
	Weight and load spreader	NA	See above for description of the pallet.
Apply and Hold Test	Weight(s) Spreader Safety Stops		Safety stops are recommended to support the load spreader and weight(s) to prevent damage or injury in the event of a rapid collapse of the test item.

Equipment Required Vibration

Random Vibration Test:

• Random Vibration Test System complying with the apparatus section of ASTM D 4728.